

---

# Safety Assessment of Vanilla-Derived Ingredients as Used in Cosmetics

---

Status: Draft Report for Panel Review  
Release Date: May 10, 2019  
Panel Date: June 6-7, 2019

The 2019 Cosmetic Ingredient Review Expert Panel members are: Chair, Wilma F. Bergfeld, M.D., F.A.C.P.; Donald V. Belsito, M.D.; Ronald A. Hill, Ph.D.; Curtis D. Klaassen, Ph.D.; Daniel C. Liebler, Ph.D.; James G. Marks, Jr., M.D.; Ronald C. Shank, Ph.D.; Thomas J. Slaga, Ph.D.; and Paul W. Snyder, D.V.M., Ph.D. The CIR Executive Director is Bart Heldreth, Ph.D. This report was prepared by Wilbur Johnson, Jr., M.S., Senior Scientific Analyst.

---

© Cosmetic Ingredient Review

1620 L STREET, NW, SUITE 1200 ◊ WASHINGTON, DC 20036-4702 ◊ PH 202.331.0651 ◊ FAX 202.331.0088 ◊ [CIRINFO@CIR-SAFETY.ORG](mailto:CIRINFO@CIR-SAFETY.ORG)





































































































vanilla extracts and there is an AOAC method for its determination. Please add the units for vanillin composition.

Non-Cosmetic Use; Summary - It should be made clear that vanilla extracts are considered GRAS for human consumption (21CFR 182.20) and animal consumption (21CFR 582.20). The CIR report seems to imply that vanilla extracts only have GRAS status for animal products. This is not correct.

Reference 37 - This reference does not appear to be complete as it says "In: 1972: 1-3". Does CIR have unpublished report 1804 from RIFM, or did the information cited to this reference come from a secondary source?

Reference 42 - Is this (Scheman A, Gupta S. Photoallergic contact dermatitis from diallyl disulfide. Contact Dermatitis. 2001;45(3):179.) the correct reference for the case of an eczema patient patch tested for cross reactivity from balsam of Peru with vanilla extract?